# TDSAT Seminar, Chennai on Dispute Resolution in Telecom

# Presentation

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### TRAI's Mission

 Mission: TRAI's mission is to create and nurture conditions for the growth of telecommunications including broadcasting and cable services in the country in a manner and at a pace which will enable India to play a leading role in the emerging global information society

#### **Telecom Regulation in India**

#### **TRAI**

- ✓ Tariff
- ✓ Quality of Service
- **✓** Interconnection

#### **Government**

- ✓ Spectrum
- ✓ License
- ✓ Content

#### TRAI's Power & Functions

#### Recommendatory

- Licensing related issues
- Measures to facilitate competition and growth
- Issues related to technology & Efficient management of available Spectrum
- Regulatory Functions
  - Interconnection
  - Tariff Fixation of the Services
  - Quality of Service
  - Ensure compliance of license conditions and effective compliance of USO
- ▶ Issue Directions to the Service Providers on matters relating to its Regulatory Functions

# Regulatory Process (Adopted by TRAI)

- Section 11(4) of the TRAI Act mandates TARI to ensure transparency in Discharge of its Functions
- ➤ To Ensure Transparency TRAI adopts the following process before taking any regulatory decisions:
  - Consultation Paper is issued soliciting comments from stakeholders
  - The Comments of the stake holders are published on the website
  - Stake holders are invited in the Open House Discussions (OHDs) organized in different parts of the country.
  - The issue is discussed in detail and after providing multiple opportunity to the stake holders for submission of their views the decision is taken by Authority.

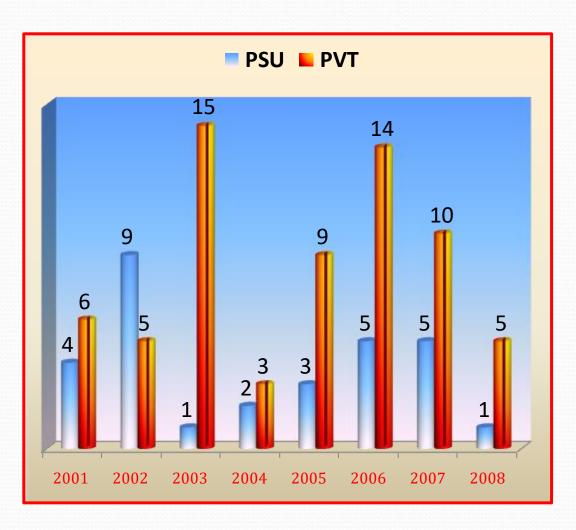
#### **Telecom Dispute Resolution in India**

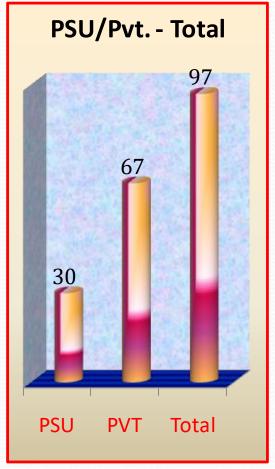
- Since setting up of TRAI in 1997 and prior to amendment in 2000, TRAI was entrusted with Recommendatory, Regulatory and Adjudicatory functions
- In the year 2000 TDSAT was established by carving out the adjudicatory functions from TRAI

#### TDSAT's power

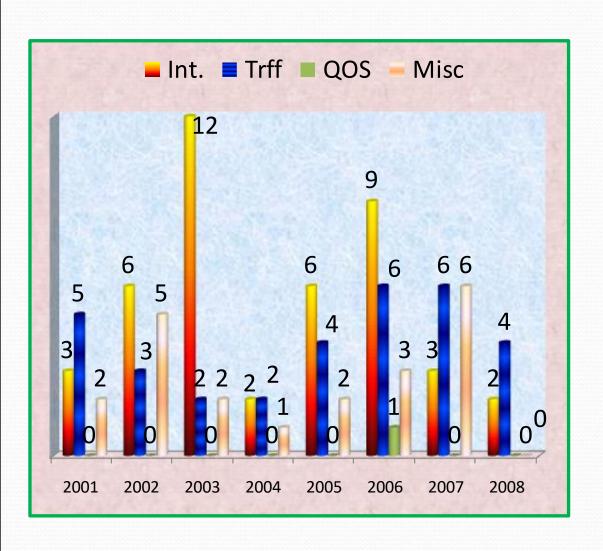
- > To adjudicate any dispute
  - Between a licensor and a licensee
  - Between two or more service providers
  - Between a service provider and a group of consumers
- To hear and dispose of appeals against decisions of TRAI
- Central Govt. or State Govt. or a local Authority or any person aggrieved by decision/direction/order of Authority may prefer an appeal in TDSAT

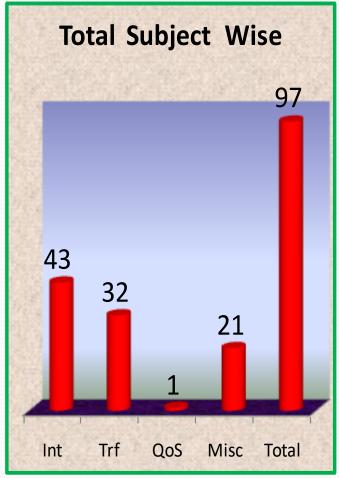
# Analysis of Appeals – PSU/Pvt.



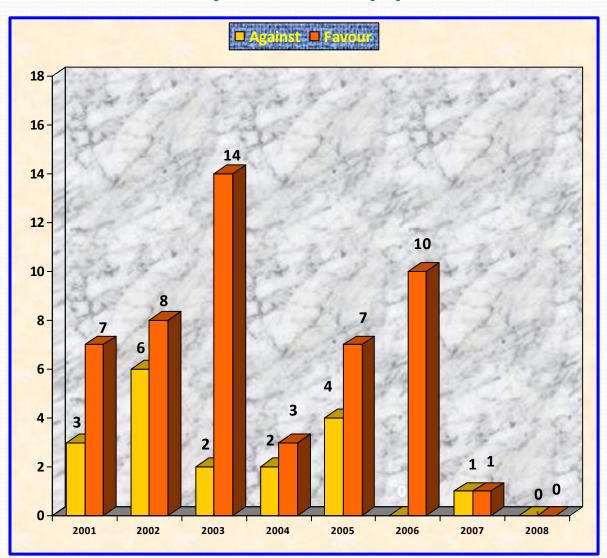


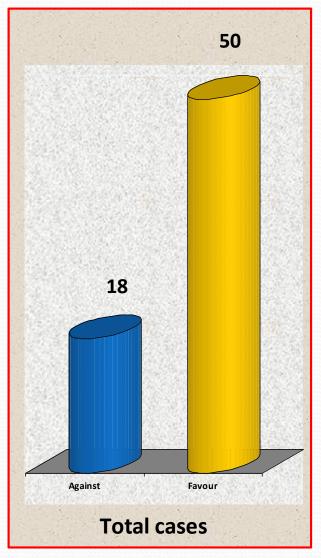
# Analysis of Appeals - Subject-wise

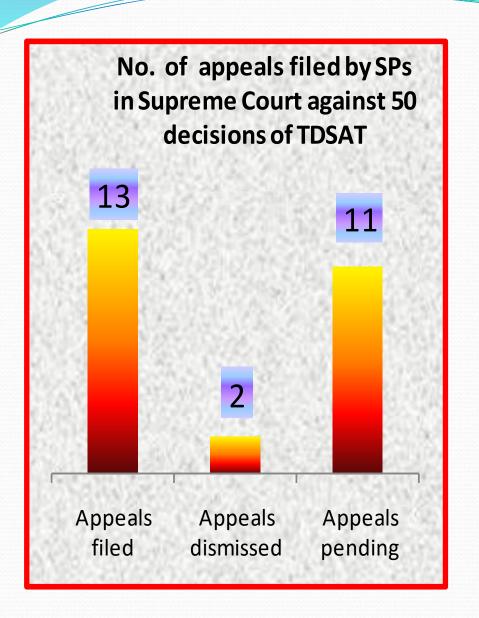


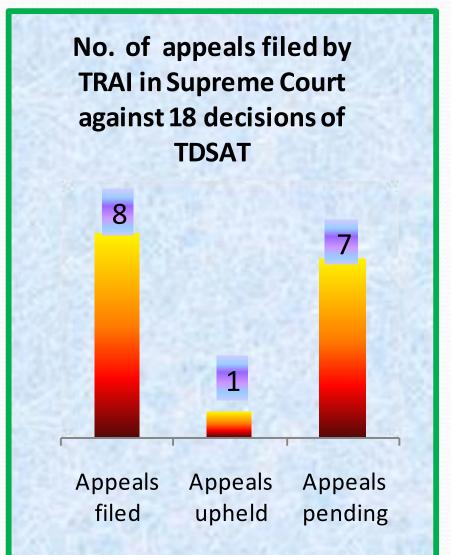


## Analysis of Appeals – Decision Wise









### Regulatory Issues addressed

USO **Comprehensive USO Policy in place** Issues have been addressed through various regulations and directives; Interconnection One of the few countries to publish RIO A comprehensive IUC regime too is in place **Telecom Tariff Order & amendments;** Regulatory **Tariffs** De-regulation of tariffs, starting with cellular tariffs Monitoring of tariffs for predation Tool Based on TRAI recommendations, open competition Box has been introduced in all sectors including unified access. Licensing **Internet Telephony introduced** Recommendations for total unification with Govt. **End User Quality of Service regulation,** QoS **Publicly available customer survey Accounting separation, RIO by service providers** Competition with Significant Market Power, Merger issues **Broadband Broadband Policy 2004 issued by Govt.** 

#### **Major Initiatives of TRAI in Recent Times**

- Recommendations on:
- Internet telephony, MVNO
- Provision of Calling Cards by Long Distance Operator
- Reserve price and auction process for 3G services
- Mobile TV , IPTV & HITS
- Licensing provisions for Cable TV Operators, MSOs and Steps for Digitalisation
- Tariff Order fixing ceiling on Cable TV subscription

# Thank you



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